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| QP Code: D 123065 | | Total Pages: 2 | Name: |
| | | | Register No. |
| SECOND SEMESTER (CUFYUGP) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2025 | | | |
| (CHEMISTRY) | | | |
| CHE2MN102 : LIQUID STATE, GASEOUS STATE AND ELECTROCHEMISTRY | | | |
| 2024 Admission onwards | | | |
| Maximum Time: 2 Hours | | | Maximum Marks: 70 |
| Section A | | | |
| All Questions can be answered. Each Question carries 3 marks (Ceiling: 24 Marks) | | | |
| 1 | Explain the term viscosity of a liquid. Discuss the effect of temperature on the viscosity of a liquid. | | |
| 2 | List out the applications of liquid crystals. | | |
| 3 | Why liquid drops assume spherical shape? | | |
| 4 | Write any three postulates of kinetic theory. | | |
| 5 | Explain i) average velocities ii) Collision number iii) Viscosity of gases. | | |
| 6 | Using the expression for the Maxwell distribution of velocities, draw this distribution at three different temperatures. | | |
| 7 | Describe the causes of deviation from ideal behaviour of a real gas. | | |
| 8 | Draw the PV isotherms of CO ₂ gas. | | |
| 9 | What is the significance of the critical constants? | | |
| 10 | Calculate the critical constants of CO ₂ gas using the van der Waals constants $a = 3.590 \text{ dm}^6 \text{ atm mol}^{-2}$, $b = 0.0427 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$. | | |
| Section B | | | |
| All Questions can be answered. Each Question carries 6 marks (Ceiling: 36 Marks) | | | |
| 11 | Justify Raoult's and Henry's laws in terms of the molecular interactions in a mixture. | | |
| 12 | Explain the structures and main characteristics of different types of liquid crystals. | | |
| 13 | Write a note on i) characteristics of liquids ii) characteristics of gases. | | |
| 14 | Explain i) coefficient of viscosity ii) compressibility factor iii) Boyle temperature. | | |
| 15 | Explain how the van der Waals equation accounts for critical behaviour. | | |
| 16 | Discuss H ₂ – O ₂ fuel cell. What are the advantages and applications of H ₂ – O ₂ fuel cell? | | |
| 17 | Explain the terms specific conductance, equivalent conductance and molar conductance as applied to solutions of electrolytes. In which units are these quantities expressed ? | | |

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| 18 | At what pressure does the mean free path of argon at 25°C become comparable to the diameter of the atoms themselves? Given the collision cross-section is 0.36 nm ² . |
| Section C | |
| Answer any ONE. Each Question carries 10 marks (1×10 = 10 Marks) | |
| 19 | <p>a) What do you mean by colligative properties? Briefly explain relative lowering of vapour pressure and depression in freezing point. With suitable equations show that these two are colligative properties.</p> <p>b) 1.20 g of a non-volatile organic substance was dissolved in 100 g of acetone at 20°C. The vapour pressure of the solution was found to be 182.5 torr. Calculate the molar mass of the substance [vapour pressure of acetone at 20°C is 185.0 torr].</p> |
| 20 | <p>a) Write a note on conductometric titrations.</p> <p>b) Explain i) Kohlrausch's law ii) Nernst equation iii) Reference electrodes.</p> |