FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL1C02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 30 Weightage

Section A

Short answer questions.
Answer any **four** questions.
Each question carries a weightage of two.

- 1. Secularism to Sree Narayana Guru.
- 2. Karmavada philosophy.
- 3. Social reforms.
- 4. Decentralisation to Gandhiji.
- 5. Social justice to Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.
- 6. Militant nationalism.
- 7. Functional federalism.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$

Section B

Short essay questions.

Answer any **four** questions.

Each question carries a weightage of three.

- 8. Elucidate the idea of Radical Humanism.
- 9. Explain Equidistant theory of Ram Manohar Lohia.
- 10. Bring out the methods of liberals to achieve their goals.
- 11. Comment on Gandhian views on state.
- 12. Examine the role of Raja Ram Mohan Roy as a social reformer.

Turn over

2 **D** 114458

- 13. Discuss the principles of Total Revolution.
- 14. Write a note on Sree Narayana Guru's concept of universalism.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$

Section C

Essay questions.
Answer any **two** questions.
Each question carries a weightage of five.

- 15. "Even if you are a minority of one, the truth is the truth" (Gandhiji). Comment.
- 16. Bring out the social and political ideas of Swami Vivekananda.
- 17. Explain Ambedkar's conception of social democracy.
- 18. Comment on Balagangadhara Tilak's theory of Militant Nationalism.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ weightage})$

D 114458-A	(Pages: 4)	Name
		Rog No

FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024

(CBCSS)

Political Science

POL 1C 02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

(2019 Admission onwards)

[Improvement Candidates need not appear for MCQ Part]

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 20 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 5 Weightage

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

2 **D** 114458-A

POL 1C 02—MODERN INDIAN SOCIAL AND POLITICAL THOUGHT

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Gandhi	described himself as a:			
	(A)	Liberal.	(B)	Socialist.	
	(C)	Social Democrat.	(D)	Philosophical Anarchist.	
2.	Who among the following formed 'The League of Radical Congressmen' ?				
	(A)	M.K. Gandhi.	(B)	M.N. Roy.	
	(C)	Aurobindo.	(D)	B.R. Ambedkar.	
3.	Raja R	am Mohan Roy died in :			
	(A)	1930.	(B)	1931.	
	(C)	1932.	(D)	1933.	
4.	4. Who is described as 'tamer of souls' of India ?				
	(A)	Nehru.	(B)	Tilak.	
	(C)	Vivekananda.	(D)	M.N. Roy.	
5. Name the scholar who believed that Economic freedom of the individual is the third dimens					
	Swaraj				
	(A)	Nehru.	(B)	Gandhiji.	
	(C)	Lohia.	(D)	Jayaprakash Narayan.	
6.	Whose theory of Social change was based on the Indian conception of history?				
	(A)	Vivekananda.	(B)	Nehru.	
	(C)	Gokhale.	(D)	M.N.Roy.	
7.	Samata	a Sainik Dal was formed by:			
	(A)	Ambedkar.	(B)	Gandhiji.	
	(C)	Nehru.	(D)	Lohia.	

8.	Who was a believer in moderation with regard to social change?					
	(A)	Vivekananda.	(B)	Tilak.		
	(C)	Ambedkar.	(D)	M.N.Roy.		
9.	Jayaprakash Narayan is also known as :					
	(A)	Socialist leader.	(B)	Sarvodaya leader.		
	(C)	Peasants leader.	(D)	Nationalist leader.		
10.	Message of Sree Narayana Guru became the cardinal principal of modern :					
	(A)	Socialism.	(B)	Secularism.		
	(C)	Democracy.	(D)	Pluralism.		
11.	. Who said that Sree Narayana Guru was a Paramaacharya of modern India ?					
	(A)	Gandhiji.	(B)	Nehru.		
	(C)	Ulloor S. Parameshwara Aiyar.	(D)	None of the above.		
12.	. Identity the Philosopher who advocated the doctrine of Humanism and Universalism :					
	(A)	Syed Khan.	(B)	Jinnah.		
	(C)	Raja Ram Mohan Roy.	(D)	Tilak.		
13.	laid the foundation of the 'servants of India society'.					
	(A)	Gopala Krishna Gokhale.	(B)	Surendranath Banerjea.		
	(C)	K.K. Mitra.	(D)	Prithwishchandra Ray.		
14.	The 'main basis of Tilak's nationalism ————.					
	(A)	Culture and religion.	(B)	Hindutva.		
	(C)	Extremism	(D)	Anti-British feeling.		
15.	. Gandhi take his concept of Trusteeship from :					
	(A)	Un to This Last.	(B)	Civil Disobedience.		
	(C)	Isavasyaupanisad.	(D)	Gita.		

3

Turn over

- 16. Four Pillar State concept of Lohia include:
 - (A) Village, Mandal (district), province and central government.
 - (B) Village, block, district, State.
 - (C) Village, district, State, central government.
 - (D) Central government, State, district, Local self-governments.
- 17. Who wrote the book' A Gift to monotheists'?
 - (A) David Hare.

- (B) Raja Ram Mohan Roy.
- (C) Mahadev Govind Ranade.
- (D) Ramkrishna Bhandarka.
- 18. Whom did the British call the father of disaffection and the biggest traitor?
 - (A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- (B) Gokhale.
- (C) Bipin Chandra Pal.
- (D) Subhas Chandra Bose.
- 19. Name the philosopher who believed that freedom is the keynote of spiritual life?
 - (A) Gopalakrishna Gokhale.
- (B) Nehru.

(C) Ambedkar.

- (D) Vivekanada.
- 20. Author of the book- 'Guilty Men of India's Partition':
 - (A) Ram Manohar Lohia.
- (B) M.K Gandhi.

(C) Nehru.

(D) M.N Roy.