

D 114600

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)  
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024**

(CBCSS)

Physics

PHY1C04—ELECTRONICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**Section A**

*Answer all questions.  
Each answerable in 7½ minutes.  
Each question carries weightage 1.*

1. Briefly explain the pinch off voltage.
2. Briefly explain biasing of FETs.
3. Define Population inversion.
4. Briefly explain different types of photodiodes.
5. Explain Open loop gain.
6. Write a short note on dominant pole.
7. Briefly explain the shift register using JK flipflop.
8. Differentiate between static and dynamic RAM

(8 × 1 = 8 weightage)

**Section B**

*Answer any two questions.  
Each question carries weightage 5.*

9. Outline the construction and operation of semiconductor laser.
10. Explore closed-loop inverting op-amp configuration, deriving expressions for voltage gain, input impedance, output impedance, and bandwidth.
11. Describe the construction and working of a high-pass first order Butterworth filter. Study the frequency response. How is it converted to a second order Butterworth filter.
12. Explore the use of shift registers as counters. Discuss the concept of a ring counter and its advantages in specific applications.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

**Turn over**

**Section C**

*Answer any **four** questions.  
Each question carries weightage 3.*

13. With diagram and voltage truth table explain MOSFET (negative) NAND gate.
14. What is a photoconductor ? Obtain the expression for photocurrent.
15. Design a differentiator to differentiate an output signal that varies in frequency from 10 Hz to about 1KHz.
16. Design a second-order low-pass filter at a high cutoff frequency of 1 kHz.
17. With the help of timing diagram and truth table explain the working of JK Master Slave flip-flop.
18. Describe the characteristic equations of D flip-flop and T flip-flop.
19. Using Karnaugh Map solve the given equation to reduce the number of gates used.

$$Y = ABCD + \bar{A}BCD + A\bar{B}CD + AB\bar{C}D + ABC\bar{D}.$$

(4 × 3 =12 weightage)