

D 131960

(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)  
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2025**

(CBCSS)

Chemistry

CHE 3C 09—MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY

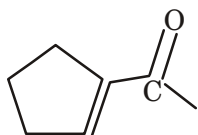
(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

**Section A***Answer all questions.**Each question carries a weightage of 1.*

1. State selection rules for microwave spectroscopy.
2. What is anharmonicity constant ?
3. Distinguish between prolate and oblate type of molecules with examples.
4. Stoke's lines are more intense than anti stokes lines in the vibrational Raman spectrum, why ?
5. Chemical shift difference is field dependent but coupling constants are field independent.
6. Explain the term lande splitting factor.
7. Predict  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  for absorption in UV spectrum of :



8. NMR spectrum of 18-annulene shows two peaks with relative intensity of 1 : 2 why ?

Turn over

9.  $\delta$  – value (delta) for  $^{13}\text{C}$  is much higher than that of protons. Why ?
10. State and explain even electron rule.

(8 × 1 = 8 weightage)

### Section B

Answer any **six** questions.

*Each question carries a weightage of 2.*

11. Microwave spectrum of HCl shows a series of lines with a spacing of  $21.2\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Calculate the bond length of HCl.
12. Using  $435.8\text{ nm}$  source, Raman lines were observed at  $439.9$ ,  $444.6$  and  $450.7\text{ nm}$ , calculate Raman frequencies.
13. Briefly explain Nuclear Overhauser effect.
14. What is zero field splitting ? Explain.
15. Explain Cotton Effect.
16. What are the factors affecting chemical shift ? Explain.
17. Briefly explain 'double resonance' in NMR.
18. What are the advantages of FAB in mass spectrometry ? Discuss.

(6 × 2 = 12 weightage)

### Section C

Answer any **two** questions.

*Each question carries a weightage of 5.*

19. (a) Define 'band width'. What are the contributing factors to non-zero band width ? Discuss.
- (b) How would you determine C-O and C-S bond lengths in COS using microwave spectroscopy ? Explain.
20. Briefly discuss theory and applications of Mössbauer spectroscopy.

21. Discuss theory and applications of 2D-NMR.
22. A compound with molecular formula  $C_6H_{12}O_2$  gave the following spectral data. Deduce the structure :
- IR  $1740\text{ cm}^{-1}, 1160\text{ cm}^{-1}$
- $^1\text{H NMR}$   $\delta$  3.6 (3H, singlet)  $\delta$  1.2 (9 H singlet)
- Mass  $m/z$  116, 85, 59, 31.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)